

MATARELLI (FM) GREATLY IMPROVED STAINLESS STEEL WHIP FINISHER
 PATENT NUMBER RE 29,604

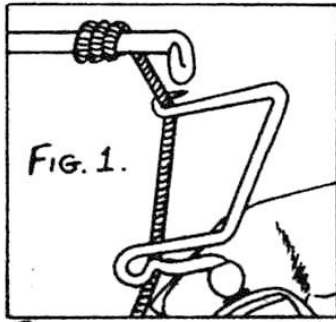


FIG. 1.
 PREVENT TOOL FROM TURNING IN HANDLE WITH FOREFINGER AND ENGAGE TOOL WITH THREAD BY "LAYING" TOOL "ON TOP" OF THREAD AS SHOWN.

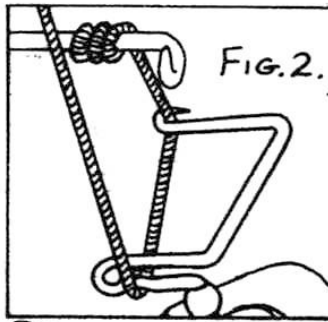


FIG. 2.
 BRING SUPPLY THREAD UP PAST HOOK CLOSE TO ORIGIN OF THREAD AT WRAP.

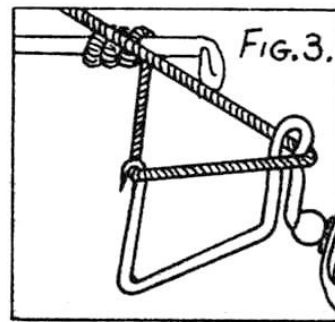


FIG. 3.
 WHILE MAINTAINING TENSION, ALLOW TOOL TO ROTATE NATURALLY IN ITS HANDLE SO TOOL AND THREAD APPEAR AS IN DIAGRAM.

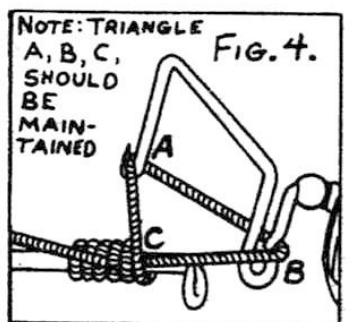


FIG. 4.
 NOTE: TRIANGLE A, B, C, SHOULD BE MAINTAINED
 ROTATE TOOL AROUND WRAP UNTIL DESIRED NUMBER OF TURNS ARE ACHIEVED. FEED MORE THREAD TO WRAP BY GENTLY PULLING TOOL AWAY FROM WRAP WITH A SLIGHT "ROCKING" MOTION.

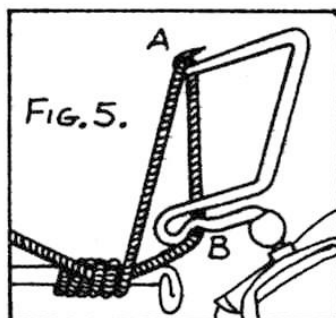


FIG. 5.
 DISENGAGE THREAD FROM BEND "B", BY MOVING IT TO A POSITION ABOVE THE WRAP AS SHOWN. BOTTOM LOOP OF THREAD AT "B" WILL SLIP OFF END OF TOOL LEAVING LOOP AT "A" STILL ENGAGED.

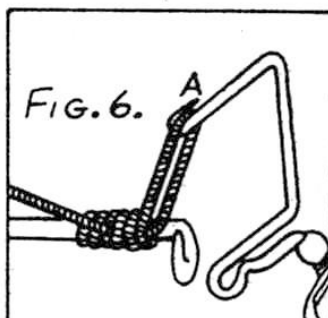


FIG. 6.
 WITH LOOP OF THREAD STILL ENGAGED AT "A" PULL SUPPLY THREAD SO LOOP REDUCES IN SIZE PULLING HOOK "A" TOWARD THE WRAP. FINALLY, DISENGAGE TOOL HOOK FROM THE WRAP AND PULL WRAP SNUG.

THE ULTIMATE WHIP FINISHING THROUGH A WING OR BEAD GREATLY IMPROVED MATARELLI (FM) SS WHIP FINISHER IS STILL EITHER RIGHT OR LEFT HANDED. YOU NEED ONLY ONE SIZE FOR ANY SIZE FLY. AFTER A BIT OF PRACTICE YOU WILL FIND IT IS EASIER AND FASTER THAN WHIP FINISHING BY ANY OTHER METHOD. WITH A LITTLE EXPERIMENTING YOU SHOULD BE ABLE TO WHIP MOST ANYWHERE ON A FLY - BEHIND OR CROSS-

DIRECTIONS

For Operating the Thompson Whip Finisher

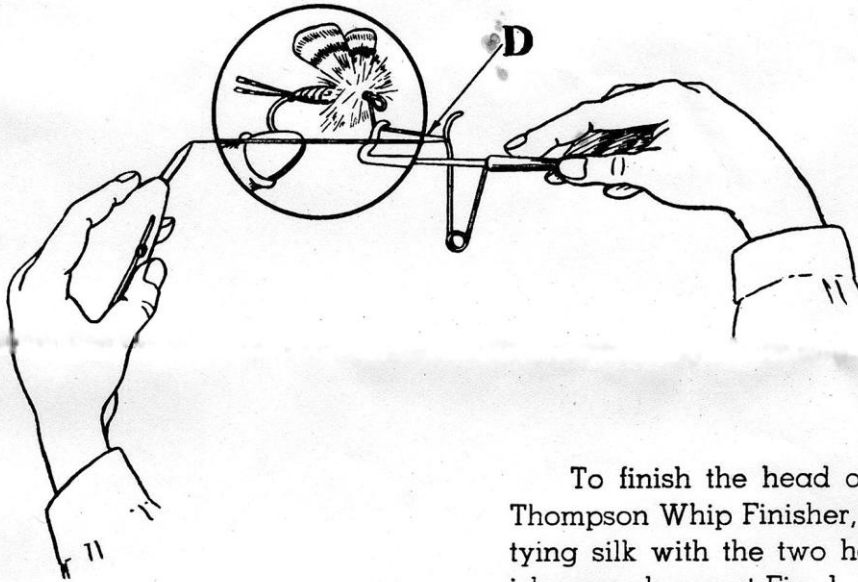


Fig. 1

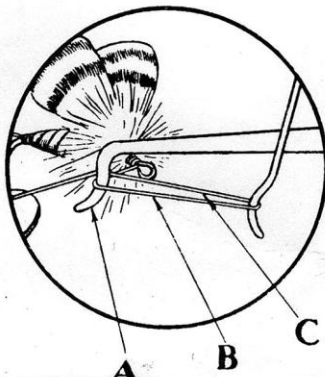


Fig. 2

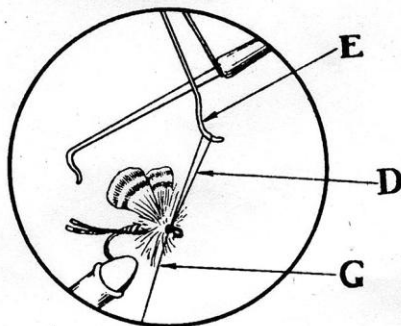


Fig. 3

To finish the head of a fly with the Thompson Whip Finisher, first engage the tying silk with the two hooks on the finisher, as shown at Fig. 1. Then rotate the finisher on its axis for about one half turn so that its top side moves away from the operator. The silk will then embrace tang "A" and appear as at Fig. 2. Now lay the tang against the fly head and rotate it about the head. Thread "B" will cross and bind thread "C" and the thread "B" will be supplied to the head from loop "D," Fig. 1, which is kept under tension by the spring "E."

After making the number of turns you wish about the head, the tang "A" can be slipped out of the loop "D" and the loop can be held from twisting by the hook on spring "E" while it is pulled thru in the regular way by pulling on the thread "G."

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